Appendix A

Claim Amendments

1. (Currently amended) A compound which inhibits PDE10, comprising a structural-element as an integral part of its overall structure, wherein said Use of a structure-element [[of]] has the formula X

in which

in which

R1 is halogen, nitro, 1-4C-alkyl, 1-4C-alkoxy, 1-4C-alkoxy-2-4C-alkoxy, 3-7C-cycloalkoxy or 3-7C-cycloalkylmethoxy,

R2 is 1-4C-alkoxy or halogen,

R3 is hydrogen or 1-4C-alkoxy,

R4 is hydrogen,

R41 is hydrogen,

R5 is hydrogen or 1-4C-alkyl, and

R51 is hydrogen or 1-4C-alkyl,

or

R4 is hydrogen,

R41 is hydrogen,

R5 is 1-4C-alkoxycarbonyl, and

R51 is hydrogen,

or

R4 is hydrogen,

R41 is hydrogen,

R5 is cyano, and

R51 is hydrogen,

or

- R4 and R5 together form a 3-4C-alkylene bridge and R41 and R51 are both hydrogen,
- R6 is 1-6C-alkyl, amino, formyl, or 1-4C-alkyl substituted by R61, in which
- R61 is 1-4C-alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyl, 1-4C-alkoxy, hydroxyl, halogen or -N(R611)R612, in which
- R611 is hydrogen, 1-4C-alkyl, 3-7C-cycloalkyl or 3-7C-cycloalkyl-1-4C-alkyl, and
- R612 is hydrogen or 1-4C-alkyl, or
- R611 and R612 together and with inclusion of the nitrogen atom to which they are bound form a radical Het1, in which

Het1 is a 5- to 7-membered saturated heterocyclic ring radical comprising one nitrogen atom, to which R611 and R612 are bound, and, optionally, one further heteroatom selected from a group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, and optionally substituted by R613 on a ring nitrogen atom, in which

R613 is 1-4C-alkyl, 3-7C-cycloalkyl, 3-7C-cycloalkyl-1-4C-alkyl, hydroxy-2-4C-alkyl, 1-4C-alkoxy-2-4C-alkyl, amino-2-4C-alkyl, mono- or di-1-4C-alkylamino-2-4C-alkyl, formyl, pyridyl or pyrimidinyl,

R8 is cyano, or -C(O)-OR9, in which

R9 is 1-4C-alkyl;

under the provisio, proviso that,

when R8 is -C(O)-OR9, in which

R9 is 1-4C-alkyl,

then R5 is other than hydrogen;

as integral part of the overall structure of compounds

which inhibit PDE10.

2. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 1 which inhibits PDE10, comprising a structural-element as an integral part of the compound's overall structure, wherein

said Use of a structure-element [[of]] has the formula X
according to claim 1,

in which

R1 is halogen, nitro, 1-4C-alkyl, 1-4C-alkoxy, 1-4C-alkoxy-2-4C-alkoxy, 3-7C-cycloalkoxy or 3-7C-cycloalkylmethoxy,

R2 is 1-4C-alkoxy or halogen,

R3 is hydrogen or 1-4C-alkoxy,

R4 is hydrogen,

R41 is hydrogen,

R5 is hydrogen or 1-4C-alkyl, and

R51 is hydrogen or 1-4C-alkyl,

or

R4 is hydrogen,

R41 is hydrogen,

R5 is 1-4C-alkoxycarbonyl, and

R51 is hydrogen,

or

R4 and R5 together form a 3-4C-alkylene bridge and R41 and R51 are both hydrogen,

R6 is 1-6C-alkyl, amino, formyl, or 1-4C-alkyl substituted by R61, in which

R61 is 1-4C-alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyl, 1-4C-alkoxy, hydroxyl, halogen or -N(R611)R612, in which

R611 is hydrogen, 1-4C-alkyl, 3-7C-cycloalkyl or 3-7C-cycloalkyl-1-4C-alkyl, and

R612 is hydrogen or 1-4C-alkyl, or

R611 and R612 together and with inclusion of the nitrogen atom to which they are bound form a radical Het1, in which

Het1 is a 5- to 7-membered saturated heterocyclic ring radical comprising one nitrogen atom, to which R611 and R612 are bound, and, optionally, one further heteroatom selected from a group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, and optionally substituted by R613 on a ring nitrogen atom, in which

R613 is 1-4C-alkyl, 3-7C-cycloalkyl, 3-7C-cycloalkyl-1-4C-alkyl, hydroxy-2-4C-alkyl, 1-4C-alkoxy-2-4C-alkyl, amino-2-4C-alkyl, mono- or di-1-4C-alkylamino-2-4C-alkyl, formyl, pyridyl or pyrimidinyl,

R8 is cyano, or -C(O)-OR9, in which

R9 is 1-4C-alkyl;

under the provisio, proviso that,

when R8 is -C(O)-OR9, in which

R9 is 1-4C-alkyl,

then R5 is other than hydrogen;

as integral part of the overall structure of compounds which inhibit PDE10.

3. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 1 which inhibits PDE10, comprising a structural-element as an integral part of the compound's overall structure, Use according to claim 1 wherein said structure-element is of the formula Xa or Xb

in which

as a first alternative,

R1 is chlorine or fluorine,

R2 is hydrogen,

R3 is methoxy or ethoxy,

or, as a second alternative,

- R1 is methoxy or ethoxy,
- R2 is hydrogen,
- R3 is methoxy or ethoxy,
- or, as a third alternative,
- R1 is chlorine or fluorine,
- R2 is methoxy or ethoxy,
- R3 is methoxy or ethoxy,
- or, as a fourth alternative,
- R1 is methoxy or ethoxy,
- R2 is chlorine or fluorine,
- R3 is methoxy or ethoxy,
- or, as a fifth alternative,
- R1 is methoxy or ethoxy,
- R2 is methoxy or ethoxy,
- R3 is methoxy or ethoxy,
- R4 is hydrogen,
- R41 is hydrogen,
- R5 is methyl,
- R51 is hydrogen,
- R6 is methyl, ethyl or methoxycarbonylethyl,
- R8 is cyano.

4. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 1 which inhibits PDE10, comprising a structural-element as an integral part of the compound's overall structure, Use according to claim 1, wherein said structure-element is of the formula Xa as defined in claim 3,

in which

R1 is methoxy,

R2 is hydrogen,

R3 is methoxy,

R4 is hydrogen,

R41 is hydrogen,

R5 is methyl,

R51 is hydrogen,

R6 is methyl or methoxycarbonylethyl,

R8 is cyano.

5. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 1 which inhibits PDE10, comprising a structural-element as an integral part of the compound's overall structure, Use

according to claim 1, wherein said structure-element is of the formula Xa or Xb as defined in claim 3,

in which

R1 is 1-2C-alkoxy,

R2 is hydrogen, chlorine or fluorine,

R3 is 1-2C-alkoxy,

R4 is hydrogen,

R41 is hydrogen,

R5 is hydrogen, 1-2C-alkyl or cyano,

R51 is hydrogen,

R6 is 1-2C-alkyl, or 1-2C-alkyl substituted by 1-2C-alkoxycarbonyl,

R8 is cyano.

6. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 1 which inhibits PDE10, comprising a structural-element as an integral part of the compound's overall structure, Use according to claim 1, wherein said structure-element is of the formula Xa or Xb as defined in claim 3,

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in which

R1 is 1-2C-alkoxy,

R2 is hydrogen, chlorine or fluorine,

R3 is 1-2C-alkoxy,

R4 is hydrogen,

R41 is hydrogen,

R5 is 1-2C-alkyl or cyano,

R51 is hydrogen,

R6 is 1-2C-alkyl, or 1-2C-alkyl substituted by 1-2C-alkovycarbonyl,

R8 is -C(0) -OR9, in which

R9 is $1-2C-alkyl_{\tau}$

as integral part of the overall structure of compounds which inhibit PDE10.

7. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 1 which inhibits PDE10, comprising a structural-element as an integral part of the compound's overall structure, Use according to claim 1, wherein said structure-element is selected from the group consisting of those structure-elements of the formula Xa as defined in claim 3,

in which

R1 is methoxy,

R3 is methoxy,

R4 is hydrogen,

R41 is hydrogen, and

R51 is hydrogen,

and in which the following combinations 1.) to 50.) of the substituent meanings for R2, R5, R6 and R8 apply:

D O	DE	nc	DO
KZ	K5		R8
hydrogen	methyl	methyl	cyano
hydrogen	methyl	methyl	ethoxycarbonyl
hydrogen	methyl	2 -	cyano
		methoxycarbonylethyl	
hydrogen	methyl	2-	ethoxycarbonyl
		methoxycarbonylethyl	
hydrogen	hydrogen	methyl	cyano
hydrogen	hydrogen	2-	cyano
		methoxycarbonylethyl	
fluorine	methyl	methyl	cyano
fluorine	methyl	methyl	ethoxycarbonyl
fluorine	methyl	2-	cyano
		methoxycarbonylethyl	,
fluorine	methyl	2-	ethoxycarbonyl
		methoxycarbonylethyl	
fluorine	hydrogen	methyl	cyano
fluorine	hydrogen	2-	cyano
		methoxycarbonylethyl	
fluorine	hydrogen	methyl	ethoxycarbonyl
fluorine	hydrogen	2-	ethoxycarbonyl
		methoxycarbonylethyl	
hydrogen	cyano	methyl	cyano
	hydrogen hydrogen hydrogen hydrogen hydrogen fluorine fluorine fluorine fluorine fluorine fluorine	hydrogen methyl hydrogen methyl hydrogen methyl hydrogen hydrogen hydrogen hydrogen fluorine methyl fluorine methyl fluorine methyl fluorine methyl fluorine hydrogen	hydrogen methyl methyl hydrogen methyl 2- methoxycarbonylethyl hydrogen hydrogen methyl hydrogen hydrogen methyl hydrogen hydrogen methyl hydrogen hydrogen 2- methoxycarbonylethyl fluorine methyl methyl fluorine methyl methyl fluorine methyl 2- methoxycarbonylethyl fluorine methyl 2- methoxycarbonylethyl fluorine hydrogen methyl

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16.)	hydrogen	cyano	methyl	ethoxycarbonyl
17.)	hydrogen	cyano	2-	cyano
			methoxycarbonylethyl	
18.)	hydrogen	cyano	2-	ethoxycarbonyl
			methoxycarbonylethyl	
19.)	fluorine	cyano	methyl	cyano
20.)	fluorine	cyano	methyl	ethoxycarbonyl
21.)	fluorine	cyano	2-	cyano
			methoxycarbonylethyl	
22.)	fluorine	cyano	2-	ethoxycarbonyl
			methoxycarbonylethyl	
23.)	chlorine	methyl	methyl	cyano
24.)	chlorine	methyl	methyl	ethoxycarbonyl
25.)	chlorine	methyl	2-	cyano
			methoxycarbonylethyl	
26.)	chlorine	methyl	2-	ethoxycarbonyl
			methoxycarbonylethyl	
27.)	chlorine	hydrogen	methyl	cyano
28.)	chlorine	hydrogen	2-	cyano
			methoxycarbonylethyl	
29.)	chlorine	hydrogen	methyl	ethoxycarbonyl
30.)	chlorine	hydrogen	2-	ethoxycarbonyl
			methoxycarbonylethyl	

31.)	chlorine	cyano	methyl	cyano
32.)	chlorine	cyano	methyl	ethoxycarbonyl
33.)	chlorine	cyano	2-	cyano
			mothoryganhonylothyl	
			methoxycarbonylethyl	
34.)	chlorine	cyano	2-	ethoxycarbonyl
			methoxycarbonylethyl	
35.)	hydrogen	methyl	methyl	methoxycarbonyl
36.)	hydrogen	methyl	2-	methoxycarbonyl
			methoxycarbonylethyl	
			meenony carbony reeny r	
37.)	fluorine	methyl	methyl	methoxycarbonyl
38.)	fluorine	methyl	2-	methoxycarbonyl
			methoxycarbonylethyl	
39.)	fluorine	hydrogen	methyl	methoxycarbonyl
40.)	fluorine	hydrogen	2-	methoxycarbonyl
				oursery carbony i
			methoxycarbonylethyl	
41.)	hydrogen	cyano	methyl	methoxycarbonyl
42 \	hirdmann			
42.)	hydrogen	cyano	2-	methoxycarbonyl
			methoxycarbonylethyl	
43.)	fluorine	cyano	methyl	methoxycarbonyl
44.)	fluorine	cyano	2-	methoxycarbonyl
			methoxycarbonylethyl	
45.)	chlorine	methyl	methyl	methoxycarbonyl
46.)	chlorine	methyl	2-	methoxycarbonyl
L	l	L	L	L_

			methoxycarbonylethyl	
47.)	chlorine	hydrogen	methyl	methoxycarbonyl
48.)	chlorine	hydrogen	2 -	methoxycarbonyl
			methoxycarbonylethyl	
49.)	Chlorine	cyano	methyl	methoxycarbonyl
50.)	Chlorine	cyano	2-	methoxycarbonyl
		·	methoxycarbonylethyl	

8. (Canceled)

- 9. (Currently amended) A method of inhibiting to inhibit PDE10 in the therapeutic treatment of a mammal, including a human, such as e.g. in the treatment of neurologic and psychiatric disorders, in the treatment of diabetes, or in the regulation of fertility of a masculine mammal, comprising administering to said mammal a compound containing as an integral part of its overall structure a structure-element as defined in claim 1 any of the claims 1 to 7.
- 10. (Currently amended) A process to provide compounds, which inhibit PDE10, comprising the following steps:

- a.) designing intellectually a structure of a compound comprising - as part of its overall structure - a structure-element as defined in <u>claim 1</u> any of the claims 1 to 7;
- b.) synthesizing materially a compound, which have the structure designed in step a.), in a manner known to the person skilled in the art, or as disclosed in the specification of the present invention, or as disclosed in WO 02/48144, WO 03/014115, WO 03/014116 or WO 03/014117, or analogously or similarly thereto.
- 11. (Currently amended) A process for providing PDE10 inhibitors of the pyrrolodihydroisoquinoline class comprising the following steps:
- a.) selecting intellectually a structure of a compound of the pyrrolodihydroisoquinoline class;
- b.) modifying intellectually said selected structure in such a way that the modified structure comprises - as part of its overall structure - a structure-element as defined in claim 1 any of the claims 1 to 7;
- c.) synthesizing materially a compound having said modified structure in a manner known to the person skilled in the art, or as disclosed in the specification of the present

invention, or as disclosed in WO 02/48144, WO 03/014115, WO 03/014116 or WO 03/014117, or analogously or similarly thereto.

12. (Canceled)

- 13. (Currently amended) A compound obtainable by the process according to $\underline{\text{claim } 10}$ any of the claims 10 to 12.
- 14. (Currently amended) A method for treating disorders of the central nervous system, such as, for example, anxiety or psychotic disorders, such as e.g. schizophrenia, movement disorders, obsessive/compulsive disorders, drug addictions, cognition deficiency disorders, mood disorders or mood episodes, or neurodegenerative disorders, by inhibiting of PDE10 comprising administering to a subject in need thereof a pharmaceutically effective and tolerable amount of a compound obtainable by a process according to claim 10 any of the claims 9 to 11.

15. (Canceled)

16. (New) A compound obtainable by the process according to claim 11.

- 17. (New) A method for treating disorders of the central nervous system, movement disorders, obsessive/compulsive disorders, drug addictions, cognition deficiency disorders, mood disorders or mood episodes, or neurodegenerative disorders, by inhibiting of PDE10 comprising administering to a subject in need thereof a pharmaceutically effective and tolerable amount of a compound obtainable by a process according to claim 11.
- 18. (New) A method for treating anxiety or psychotic disorders by inhibiting of PDE10 comprising administering to a subject in need thereof a pharmaceutically effective and tolerable amount of a compound obtainable by a process according to claim 10.
- 19. (New) The method according to claim 18, wherein the anxiety or psychotic disorder is schizophrenia.
- 20. (New) A method for treating anxiety or psychotic disorders by inhibiting of PDE10 comprising administering to a subject in need thereof a pharmaceutically effective and tolerable amount of a compound obtainable by a process according to claim 11.

21. (New) The method according to claim 20, wherein the anxiety or psychotic disorder is schizophrenia.